



**An Roinn Talmhaíochta,
Bia agus Mara**
Department of Agriculture,
Food and the Marine

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

OF THE

**SCHEME OF EU AID FOR
PRODUCER ORGANISATIONS**

IN THE FRUIT AND VEGETABLES SECTOR (2020)

See also

The National Strategy for Sustainable Operational Programmes, and incorporating the
National Framework for Environmental Actions

Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council

**Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/891
and**

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/892

Effective from: 3 March 2020

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Introduction

This scheme provides EU aid to producers, grouping on a voluntary basis, to form recognised Producer Organisations (POs) and to implement approved operational programmes that improve the quality and efficiency of operations and achieve the following objectives:

- improving the competitiveness and market orientation of the sector, so as to contribute to achieving sustainable production that is competitive both on the EU and external markets;
- reducing fluctuations in producers' incomes resulting from crises on the market;
- increasing the consumption of fruit and vegetables in the Community; and
- continuing the efforts made by the sector to maintain and protect the environment.

The Terms and Conditions of the Scheme of EU Aid For Producer Organisations in the Fruit and Vegetables Sector, (hereinafter called "the Scheme"), as laid down by the Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine (hereinafter referred to as 'the Department') are in accordance with the provisions of

**Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council,
Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/891 and
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/892**

Commission Delegated Regulation and/or Commission Implementing Regulations (EU) make provision for the Department to adopt complementary rules. These complementary rules will be adopted by inclusion in these Terms and Conditions.

The Terms and Conditions do not purport to be a legal interpretation of the above Regulations.

These Terms and Conditions are in addition to **Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council** of 17 December 2013 [establishing a common organisation of the markets in agricultural products and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 922/72, (EEC) No 234/79, (EC) No 1037/2001 and (EC) No 1234/2007], and Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/891 of 13 March 2017 supplementing Council Regulation (EU) No. 1308/2013 with regard to the fruit and vegetables and processed fruit and vegetable sectors and supplementing Council Regulation (EU) 1306/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 with regard to penalties to be applied in those sectors and amending Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 543/2011] and Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/892 of 13 March 2017, laying down rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 1308/2013 in respect of the fruit and vegetables and processed fruit and vegetables sectors].

These Terms and Conditions should be read in conjunction with the aforementioned Regulations, as amended from time to time by the EU. The Department accepts no responsibility for any omissions and readers are, therefore, directed to read the EU Regulations themselves.

If, having read the Terms and Conditions and the governing legislation, you have any further queries, enquiries and/or requests for application forms, please contact email POScheme@agriculture.gov.ie.

This document is available on the Department's website at www.agriculture.gov.ie

DEFINITIONS:

For the purposes of this Scheme, the following definitions, in addition to the terms defined in the Council Regulation, the Commission Delegated Regulation and the Commission Implementing Regulation shall apply:

An 'associated company' and 'control' are defined as follows:

- (1) A company shall be treated as another company's **associated company** at a particular time if, at that time or at any time within one year previously, one of the two companies has control of the other company, or both companies are under the control of the same person or persons.
- (2) A person shall be taken to have **control** of a company if such person exercises, or is able to exercise or is entitled to acquire, control, whether direct or indirect, over the company's affairs, and in particular, but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, if such person possesses or is entitled to acquire—
 - a) the greater part of the share capital or issued share capital of the company or of the voting power in the company,
 - b) such part of the issued share capital of the company as would, if the whole of the income of the company were distributed among the participators (without regard to any rights which such person or any other person has as a loan creditor), entitle such person to receive the greater part of the amount so distributed, or
 - c) such rights as would, in the event of the winding up of the company or in any other circumstances, entitle such person to receive the greater part of the assets of the company which would then be available for distribution among the participators.
- (3) Where two or more persons together satisfy any of the conditions of subsection (2), they shall be taken to have control of the company.
- (4) For the purposes of subsection (2), a person shall be treated as entitled to acquire anything which such person is entitled to acquire at a future date or will at a future date be entitled to acquire.
- (5) For the purposes of subsections (2) and (3), there shall be attributed to any person any rights or powers of a nominee for such person, that is, any rights or powers which another person possesses on such person's behalf or may be required to exercise on such person's direction or behalf.
- (6) For the purposes of subsections (2) and (3), there may also be attributed to any person all the rights and powers of:
 - a) any company of which such person has, or such person and associates of such person have, control,
 - b) any two or more companies of which such person has, or such person and associates of such person have, control,
 - c) any associate of such person, or
 - d) any two or more associates of such person;

including the rights and powers attributed to a company or associate under subsection (5), but excluding those attributed to an associate under this subsection, and such attributions shall be made under this subsection as will result in the

company being treated as under the control of five or fewer participators if it can be so treated;

“Beneficial Owner” shall mean in relation to a relevant entity, has the meaning given to it by point (6)(a) of Article 3 of the Directive (EU) 2015/849 of the European Parliament and of the Council.

“Council Regulation” shall mean Council Regulation (EC) No 1308/2013 of 17 December 2013 establishing a common organisation of the markets in agricultural products and repealing Council Regulations (EEC) No 922/72, (EEC) No 234/79, (EC) No 1037/2001 and (EC) No 1234/2007.

“Commission Delegated Regulation” shall, unless otherwise stated, mean Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 2017/891 of 13 March 2017 supplementing Council Regulation (EU) No. 1308/2013 with regard to the fruit and vegetables and processed fruit and vegetable sectors and supplementing Council Regulation (EU) 1306/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 December 2013 with regard to penalties to be applied in those sectors and amending Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 543/2011

“Commission Implementing Regulation” shall, unless otherwise stated, mean Implementing Regulation (EU) No 892/2017 of 13 March 2017, laying down rules for the application of Council Regulation (EC) No 1308/2013 in respect of the fruit and vegetables and processed fruit and vegetables sectors.

“Department or DAFM” shall mean the Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine, the competent authority responsible for implementing the PO Scheme in Ireland;

“Holding” means all the units used for agricultural activities and managed by a farmer situated within the territory of the same Member State.

“Minister” shall mean the Minister for Agriculture, Food and the Marine;

“National Strategy” shall, for Operational Programmes which are subject to Commission Delegating Regulation (EU) 2017/891 and Commission Implementing Regulation 2017/892, mean the National Strategy for Sustainable Operational Programmes October 2017-December 2022

“Operational Programme” (hereinafter referred to as ‘the programme’) is defined as a plan that is prepared by the PO with the overall objective of improving its performance in the areas of production planning, marketing, product quality and environmental protection, including their capital investment plan. The programme shall be consistent with the relevant National Strategy.

“Producer Member” shall have the meaning assigned to it by Article 2 of Commission Delegated Regulation 2017/891. However, in order to be considered an **“active producer member”** for the purposes of this Scheme, only a producer member of the PO whose entire production, up to the date of resignation, is included in the VMP of the PO for that operational year (unless the limited exemptions at Section 1.2.2 apply), and whose production is either marketed by the PO itself or by a marketing agent contracted by the PO which complies with Section 1.3.3. of these Terms and Conditions for the operational year,

is considered to be an **“active producer member”**. A PO member whose production, being otherwise eligible, is not claimed by the PO to form part of its VMP because the PO member did not abide by all of these Terms and Conditions and/or the Member’s agreement, and/or the PO’s rules cannot be considered an active producer member.

“Producer Organisation (hereinafter referred to as “a PO”)” is defined as an organisation which is, at the time in question, recognised by the Department for the purposes of this Scheme.

“Production” means the entire production of all products for which the PO is recognised grown on all holdings owned or leased by the producer member situated within the territory of the European Union minus the quantity, if any, exempted under Section 1.2.2 of these Terms and Conditions.

“Written evidence” shall mean a hard copy of any document, letter, quotation, invoice, email, etc.

“Multi-Annual Capital investment Plan” (MCIP) means a costed plan relating to capital investments proposed by the PO over the duration of their operational programme.

“Annual Capital Investment Plan” (ACIP) means a detailed fully costed capital investment plan for the Operational Programme for the year commencing the following 1 January.

1. RECOGNITION OF PRODUCER ORGANISATIONS

1.1 Recognition criteria

1.1.1. That the PO is a legal entity, formed on the initiative of the growers

1.1.2. It has one or more the following objectives:

- Planning of Production
- Improvement of product quality
- Boosting the commercial value of products
- Promotion of products
- Crisis prevention and management
- Environmental measures and methods of production.

1.1.3 Its Articles of Association provide for the specific requirements detailed in section 1.2 .

1.1.4 It has a minimum of 5 members, all of whom are separate legal entities.

1.1.5 It has a minimum value of marketed production (VMP) of €2,500,000.

1.1.6 It is a condition of recognition for a producer organisation headquartered in Ireland that at least 50% of the volume of its marketed production in a calendar year must be grown within the State.

1.2 Articles of Association of the PO

1.2.1. In addition to the requirements of the Council Regulation, the Commission Delegated Regulation and the Commission Implementing Regulation with regard to Recognition criteria and other requirements; the PO must require its producer members to:

- a) belong to only one PO in respect of production of the product, or products, for which the PO is recognised grown on the holding of the member; and
- b) market their entire production concerned through the PO unless the possible limited exceptions in Sections 1.2.2 and/or 1.4.7 apply.

1.2.2. Members of a PO are required to market the entirety of the products for which they are recognised through the PO. However, where the PO so authorises, and in compliance with the conditions it lays down, producer members may market production outside the PO which must not exceed a total combined limit of 25% of their total production, calculated by volume or value as follows:

- Sales of eligible crops directly onto consumers for their personal needs.
- Market quantities of products that are marginal in relation to the volumes marketable by their PO.
- Market through another PO designated by their own organisation products which, because of their characteristics, are not normally covered by the commercial activities of their own organisation.

The volumes marketed under any of these exceptions shall be monitored, recorded and carefully supervised by the PO to ensure the volumes do not exceed the percentages above and the records, including the written agreement or contract, shall be made available to a Department official for inspection on request.

The production marketed in accordance with these exceptions shall be excluded from the calculation of the value and volume of production marketed by the PO. The production of the members of one PO, marketed by a second PO designated by their own PO, shall be included in the value of the marketed production of the second PO.

- 1.2.3 The PO must also provide sufficient evidence that it can carry out its activities properly and effectively, enabling its members to obtain technical assistance in using environmentally sound cultivation practices
- 1.2.4 The PO must provide its members with the facilities for collecting, storing, packaging and marketing their produce, while ensuring proper commercial and budgetary management of their activities. If a PO cannot provide these facilities directly, it must be ultimately responsible for arranging their provision to all its members.

1.3 Competence of the PO, Democratic accountability, Outsourcing

- 1.3.1 The PO will be expected to prove conclusively that it was formed on the initiative of the growers.
- 1.3.2 The PO must establish, and retain, full control of its members' produce at all times. The PO should promote collective marketing, enabling its members to target a variety of customers, and also help to encourage an overall concentration of supply within the PO.
- 1.3.3 Clear evidence will be necessary to show that, where a small number of members account for a significant percentage of production, there is no undue influence on PO activities. Checks will be made to ensure that no single member is in a position where they can exercise undue control over the management and operation of the PO.
- 1.3.4 To make sure there is no undue dominance, POs should have a policy of 'one member, one vote' for all decisions affecting the PO. Controls need to be in place to make sure that there is no abuse of power. Members must at all times be able to exercise control within their organisation. This also includes the election of board members/directors and must be recorded in the Members' Agreements and Producer Articles of Association.
- 1.3.5 Shareholding in a PO should be limited to 20%. This means that no individual should have a shareholding of more than 20% in the PO itself. It is the PO's responsibility to make sure that the shareholding arrangements between members, the PO and other PO members do not result in any abuse of power.

- 1.3.6 POs must be controlled by the producer members. Non-producer members may have voting rights within a PO but shall not be eligible to vote on any decision relating to the operational fund. Only grower members of a management board are eligible to vote on any decision relating to the operational fund.
- 1.3.7 All producers shall have the opportunity to benefit from the operational fund, and all producers shall have the opportunity to participate democratically in decisions concerning the use of the operational fund of the producer organisation and of the financial contributions to the operational fund.
- 1.3.8 Directors who are not active growers shall not derive any financial benefit from the operational fund.
- 1.3.9. The PO may outsource any activity, except production, including to subsidiaries and/or members, provided that:
- (a) The PO provides sufficient evidence to the Department that the decision to outsource has been properly decided in accordance with the principles of democracy, transparency and good governance. The decision to outsource shall be supported by evidence that such outsourcing is an appropriate way to achieve the PO's objectives. An evaluation of the appropriateness of the outsourcing shall be included in the Final Report of each Operational Programme. In carrying out the evaluation the following elements shall be considered and reported on:
 - the initial situation at the PO;
 - the targets of the PO in terms of the activity to be outsourced;
 - the advantages should be weighed against the disadvantages;
 - in circumstances where a PO proposes to outsource to a company under the control of a producer member or to a company associated with a producer member, the PO has ensured that the interests of the other PO members are protected in such a proposal and the arrangement does not constitute undue influence on PO activities.
 - (b) Once a PO has reached a decision to outsource an activity and in circumstances where the PO wishes to claim for some or all of the costs associated with the outsourced action, the Department requires the PO to comply with the following provisions:
 - (i) the PO enters into a written agreement or contract with each legal entity to whom it outsources any activity. The written agreement or contract shall specify, in detail, the activity to be carried out and the charge for the provision of the activity. The written agreement or contract shall also provide for regular reviews by the PO that the terms of the written agreement or contract are being fulfilled and must include penalties, or specify some other form of redress or corrective action to be taken, in the event that a term or terms in the written agreement or contract are not fulfilled;

- (ii) All outsourcing contracts must include:
 - provisions which allow the PO to issue binding instructions on the activity to be carried out by the service provider
 - detailed terms and conditions, including reporting obligations and deadlines so that the PO can assess the performance of the service provider
 - a clause which allows the PO to end the contract if the service provider does not meet the terms and conditions of the contract.
- (iii) In all cases, the PO must be able to demonstrate overall control of the activity in question. POs are responsible for making sure that the outsourced activities are carried out and the associated contracts are managed. This includes evaluating the performance of the service providers and, where necessary, taking action to address failings in the level of service provided. For example, there should be evidence of regular contact with the PO's marketing agents and ongoing evaluation and review of the service provider's performance (for instance; prices achieved on marketed produce). This helps to show how the contract has been managed on an ongoing basis. The PO must keep records (including accounting documents) for 5 years with the retention period beginning at the end of the operational programme.
- (iv) The written agreement or contract referred to in (i) must specify the documentary evidence that will be available to the Department to verify that the outsourced activity has been carried out. The evidence must be available for inspection in the PO's offices.

- (c) In order for the Department to evaluate the eligibility and the cost of outsourced actions as part of an Operational Programme, the Department will require the methodology for calculating the cost for each outsourced action. The Department must be satisfied with the methodology used in determining the cost, or the rate to be applied. The PO must provide evidence in support of the cost/rate being charged for the outsourced activity. The Department shall not approve the budget for an Operational Programme in the absence of this information.
- (d) In order for the Department to approve a budget for outsourced actions, the Department will give an advance approval of the arrangements for outsourcing any PO activity, including the content of the relevant written agreement or contract and the documentation which will be available;
- (e) The PO complies with any limits imposed by the Department regarding outsourcing to companies/service providers which are associated with PO members.

1.3.10. Specific limitations with regard to outsourcing of actions to marketing companies.

- (a) Each legal entity providing a marketing service to a PO must market, routinely and regularly, the production of at least two PO members.
- (b) Without prejudice to the previous paragraph, a marketing company may market one or more products, grown by only one member of a PO, subject to compliance with any additional conditions that may be stipulated by the Department;

- (c) Only costs, post initial cooling and refrigeration stage, may be included in the claim [the costs of the initial cooling to required temperature will, in all cases, be borne by the producer member and the PO must be able to provide proof that these costs have been excluded];
- (d) The PO must retain records, available to all PO members, showing all deductions made by the marketing company from the retail price paid to the marketing company and must specify what the figure represents, the basis for its calculation including the nature and extent of the exact services provided and included in the calculation as agreed between the marketing company and the PO; and;
- (e) The PO must pay from the operational fund only those charges and levies that are approved as part of the Operational Programme by the Department.
- (f) In all cases, the PO must demonstrate control over pricing and sales of product into its marketing direct customers.

1.4 Membership of the PO

- 1.4.1. The PO must comprise at least five active producer members.
- 1.4.2. To ensure that a PO genuinely represents the legally required minimum number of active producer members, the Department shall regard each of the following as a single member:
 - (i) a producer member, with two or more legal personalities
 - (ii) a producer member with more than one holding, and,
 - (iii) producer members that share common majority beneficial owners.
- 1.4.3. The minimum period of membership for producers is one calendar year. The PO may require a longer commitment to membership, e.g., for the duration of the operational programme. Details of the minimum membership period must be included in the Member's Agreement.
- 1.4.4. The PO must ensure that its membership agreement includes all provisions required under the Council Regulation. Each member shall sign a Member's Agreement. The PO must retain the original signed Member's Agreement for inspection by the Department. The PO must be in a position to demonstrate by verifiable documentary evidence that all parties complied with all provisions of the Member's Agreement.
- 1.4.5. The PO must immediately notify the Department in the event that the number of active producer members falls below the minimum of five.
- 1.4.6. Resignations by members must be notified in writing to the PO. The PO must include, in its rules of association, the minimum resignation notice period that it requires from members who wish to resign. The required period of notice shall not exceed six months, and the effective date of resignation shall be within the six month period. Records of resignations shall be provided to Department officials, on request, and details of resignations must be notified to the Department when they occur.
- 1.4.7. Producers may belong to more than one PO at a time in cases where the PO is not recognised for all products grown by the member. However, a producer may not be a member of more than one PO for the same product.

In the case of a member of a transnational PO recognised in Ireland, the entire production of recognised product grown within the Member State must be channelled through the PO, unless the limited exemptions at 1.2.2 apply.

If the member has holding(s) in another Member State in which recognised production of the transnational PO is grown, the member can choose whether or not to channel their production in this other Member State through the PO. However, if the PO member chooses to sell recognised production grown in this other Member State through the PO, all his/her production of recognised product grown on his/her holdings in that Member State must be channelled through the PO, unless the limited exemptions at 1.2.2 apply.

- 1.4.8. The PO must have rules dealing with a situation where it is discovered that one or more of its members is in breach of 1.4.7.

The VMP of a PO which includes production of a member who is found to be supplying another PO (outside of the limited exceptions permitted at Section 1.2.2) will be reduced by the value of the production supplied by that member for the entire period during which the member was a member of more than one PO recognised for the same product. Any EU aid paid in respect of production of the member in question will be recouped by the Department, in full, with interest if appropriate, from the PO. The PO member found to simultaneously be a member of two POs for the same recognised product will be prohibited from being a member of a PO recognised by the Department for a period of at least five years from the date of detection.

- 1.4.9. Provisions for representation and voting rights in the rules of the PO must ensure that there is no abuse of power or influence by one or more members of the PO in relation to the management and operation of the PO and regarding decisions in relation to the operational programme and/or use of funds.
- 1.4.10. Non-producers can also be PO members, but the PO must be controlled by its producer members. Non-producing members cannot benefit from EU aid.
- 1.4.11. Non-producing members are excluded for the purpose of determining the minimum number of producers required for recognition as a PO.
- 1.4.12. The PO must notify the Department where any of its members acquires a new or additional growing site or increases its production capability of the recognised products. The PO must retain, for inspection, records in relation to members whose production area changed.
- 1.4.13. Before admitting a new member to the PO, the PO must notify the Department of the member's full name and address, produce marketed, acreage or in the cases of mushrooms, the production area in m² and if the applicant was previously a member of another PO, details of their former PO and their membership number in that PO. Where the applicant member was previously a member of another PO, the letter of resignation from the former PO must be copied to the new PO, which must retain it for inspection.

1.5 Applying for recognition

- 1.5.1. The PO must make its application for recognition on form **HORT PO AP 1**. Only fully completed application forms on the prescribed form, accompanied by all of the required supporting documentation, will be accepted.
- 1.5.2. Granting of recognition is separate from, and does not imply approval of, an operational programme.
- 1.5.3 The certified VMP of the PO seeking recognition shall be at least €2,500,000.

1.6 Membership of previous PO

If members were previously, or are currently, in another PO, full particulars of previous and/or current memberships shall be supplied with the application for recognition of the PO.

1.7 Mergers of POs

1.7.1. POs may consider the possibility of merging with other recognised PO(s). It is not within the Department's remit to advise POs if a merger is the right thing to do for their organisation. However, POs considering such a merger should consult with the Department at the earliest possible stage to discuss plans.

1.7.2. Before a merger can take place, the organisations concerned will need to consult with **all** of their members and obtain their agreement to the merger. This can either be done at an Annual General Meeting of the PO, an Emergency General Meeting of the PO or via correspondence. A copy of the minutes of any AGM or EGM held to consult with members on the proposed merger must be retained by the PO. If an AGM or EGM was not held, the PO must retain evidence of their consultation with members (such as copies of any communications issued and replies received from members). The PO must retain a copy of all correspondence entered into in relation to the merger or proposed merger.

1.7.3. Application for recognition

The newly merged group will need to apply for recognition on application form HORT PO AP 1 (copies available from the Department). In addition, the application should set out the reasons for the merger, and the process by which the decision to merge was arrived at. They will need to supply the Department with:

- a) the documentation to be retained per Section 1.7.3. above; and
- b) a list of assets of the individual POs;
- c) a full VMP history of the merging POs.

1.7.4 In the case of a prospective merger, the Department may seek recovery of aid on any capital funded items which have not been fully depreciated and which are disposed of by the merged PO.

1.7.5. Application deadline

An application can be made at any time during the year. However, POs who have existing operational programmes will need to apply by the 15 September deadline if they want to achieve recognition and the commencement of a merged operational programme by 1 January of the following calendar year.

Following a merger of POs, it may, in some cases, be possible to continue with the individual operational programmes until they are completed. POs should inform the Department of their proposals and these requests will be dealt with on a case by case basis.

1.7.6 Each of the POs considering a merger must fully meet all recognition criteria in the Member State in which the PO is currently recognised.

1.8 Sanctions & Withdrawal or Suspension of Recognition

- 1.8.1 Failure to comply, in part or in full, with any or all of these Terms and Conditions, the Council Regulation and/or the Commission Delegated Regulation and the Commission Implementing Regulations may result in the Department applying sanctions against a PO.
- 1.8.2 If a PO breaches the recognition criteria in part or in full, as laid down in the Terms and Conditions, the Council Regulation and/or the Commission Delegated Regulation and the Commission Implementing Regulation, it will receive a warning letter explaining the breach and how serious it is. The letter will outline what the PO needs to do to correct the breach and they will be given 4 months to do it.
- 1.8.3 In cases of less serious breaches, payment of aid will be suspended after the 4 month deadline has passed if corrective action has not been taken. A 1% penalty will be applied to the yearly aid amount for each full or part month the PO is not compliant.
- 1.8.4 In cases of serious breaches, payment of aid will be suspended from the date of the warning letter until corrective action is taken to the satisfaction of DAFM. If the PO fails to meet the recognition criteria within the 4 month period, recognition will be suspended. A 2% penalty will be applied to the yearly aid amount for each full or part month the PO is suspended.
- 1.8.5 Payment of aid shall be calculated on the basis of eligible actions. The Department may need to recover aid paid, reduce the amount of aid the PO is entitled to and, if appropriate, apply interest and sanctions.
- a) if the difference between the amount claimed and the amount found to be eligible is less than 3%, the eligible amount found will be paid.
 - b) if the difference between the amount claimed and the amount found to be eligible is more than 3%, then the eligible amount will be reduced further by the amount over claimed.
- Sub paragraphs a) & b) above shall also apply to on the spot checks.
- 1.8.6 If a PO is found to have committed fraud in respect of aid covered by Regulation (EU) 1308/2013 (without prejudice to any other sanctions applicable under union or national legalisation) recognition will be withdrawn, all actions will be excluded from support under the operational programme and any aid already paid with respect to these actions will be recovered in full. In addition, the PO will be excluded from recognition during the next year.

2. THE OPERATIONAL FUND

2.1 Management of the Operational Fund

- 2.1.1. A separate bank account shall be set up for the operational fund. The operational fund shall be managed to allow external auditors to identify, check and certify its revenue and expenditure annually. Bank statements in relation to the operational fund, and explanatory notes, shall be required with each application for EU financial assistance.
- 2.1.2. A PO with one or more holdings in a non-Euro currency Member State may set up a separate operational fund for that currency.
- 2.1.3. Bank statements for accounts operated by the PO, other than the operational fund account, including any account(s) through which the products for which the PO is recognised are traded, must be available for inspection by Department officials.
- 2.1.4. The operational fund shall be separately identifiable within the PO's audited accounts. The audited accounts shall also identify turnover from any non-member(s) and for products for which the PO is not recognised and in relation to any other non-eligible activities.
- 2.1.5. The PO, when certifying the VMP, shall ensure that the VMP figure arrived at is in accordance with the Council Regulation, the Commission Delegated Regulation and the Commission Implementing Regulations.
- 2.1.6. The operational fund shall be used only for transactions directly connected with the financing of an operational programme that has been approved by the Department and the administration of the approved operational programme.
- 2.1.7. No payments shall be made from the Operational Fund for non-Operational Programme activities unless the Operational Fund has been credited in advance with the cost of the non-eligible item(s).
- 2.1.8. The Department will, at a minimum, require the PO to reimburse the Operational Fund if any ineligible costs are paid from the Operational Fund. If the PO uses the Operational Fund for non-eligible items, the Department may impose a financial sanction to their payment.

2.2 Financing of the Operational Fund

- 2.2.1. The level of the financial contributions/levies to the operational fund shall be determined by the PO.
- 2.2.2. Only active producer members shall have the opportunity to participate democratically in decisions concerning the use of the PO funds and the financial contributions/levies to the operational fund.
- 2.2.3. Only active producer members have the opportunity to benefit from the operational fund. It is recognised that in many cases POs are diverse operations. However, as a general principle, scheme expenditure/investments should benefit producer members on a fair basis.
- 2.2.4. The source and use made of all monies in the operational fund must be transparent.

- 2.2.5. The Department must be able to identify, via the PO accounting system, the contribution made to the operational fund by each member and the funding provided by the PO itself. Differing rates of the members' contribution must be explained to the satisfaction of the Department in the PO's Annual Report. It must be possible for the Department to identify the source of all contributions to the operational fund and the purpose and eligibility of all expenditure from the operational fund.
- 2.2.6. Costs incurred for measures taken under the operational programme must be settled directly from the operational fund account. It is not permissible for the PO to pay invoices from the general account or for members to settle invoices themselves and then reclaim the costs from the PO's operating fund. If individual members or marketing agents pay for expenditure directly and then seek repayment from the operational fund of the PO, this expenditure will be deemed ineligible for EU aid by the Department.
- 2.2.7. Only invoices in the name of the PO should be paid from the operational fund.
- 2.2.8. Where the PO's 50% contribution to programme aid is funded by members' contributions, the contributions must be made before payment of aid can be authorised. Members' contributions can be made by taking levy from PO members, one-off payments from each member or by using profits made by the PO. This list is not exhaustive, and the PO should decide how this contribution is collected before the programme commences.

2.3. Value of Marketed Production (VMP)

- 2.3.1. The VMP of the PO is calculated on the basis of their members' production of the product(s) for which the PO is recognised. The VMP shall be equal to the full market price of the production of the members of the PO that is marketed by the PO itself or by companies to whom this action is outsourced by the PO (provided that Section 1.3.10 is complied with).
- 2.3.2. In order to be included in the VMP calculation, the sale (of recognised product) must be invoiced at the time of sale either by the PO itself or by the third party to whom the marketing was outsourced.
- 2.3.3. The VMP for the operational year may include the production of one or more members who leave or join the PO, provided that there is no potential for duplicate counting of the same production. The Department will examine each such situation on a case-by-case basis.
- 2.3.4. The VMP of a PO must be certified by their auditors in accordance with the provisions of Sections 2.1.4 and 2.1.5.
- 2.3.5. In order to retain recognition, the minimum certified VMP of a recognised PO must be at least €2,500,000 each calendar year.

2.4. Reference period for VMP

- 2.4.1. The reference VMP will be calculated on the basis of the production (during the reference period) of only those producers who are PO members on the 1st January of the year for which aid is requested.
- 2.4.2. The Department will verify the reference VMP and the VMP for the operational year by checking the accounting system of the PO and reconciling that information with the annual certified accounts and/or other sources. Where the PO cannot support the reference VMP declared to the Department, or the VMP for the operational year, recognition may be suspended until such time as the VMP can be reconciled.

2.5. Timing of EU financial assistance

In general, EU financial assistance is paid retrospectively. Payment will not be made until the year after the implementation of the operational programme year for which payment is sought. For this reason, the PO must find the resources to fully fund the implementation of the operational programme initially. However, the PO has the opportunity to claim a partial payment as per paragraph 4.1.1 (b).

2.6. Carry-over of the operational fund

The operational fund may be carried over from one year to the next. EU financial assistance is, however, based on the eligible expenditure that is incurred on the operational programme, and not the size of the operational fund.

3. OPERATIONAL PROGRAMMES

The PO must submit its programme to the Department for approval no later than 15 September in the year preceding commencement of the programme.

3.1. Mandatory elements of a programme

- 3.1.1. The programme shall be implemented in annual periods from 1 January to 31 December inclusive.
- 3.1.2. Unless the exceptions at 3.1 of the Framework for Environmental Actions at Annex A of the National Strategy apply, all operational programmes shall include at least two actions to develop the use of environmentally-sound techniques by the PO members in relation to cultivation practices and the management of waste materials, and/or the encouragement of biodiversity. These required environmental actions must conform exactly to the approved wording in the Framework for Environmental Actions, annexed to the National Strategy under which the operational programme is approved, which is available at:

www.agriculture.gov.ie/farmerschemespayments/horticultureschemes/

Please note that only eligible expenditure, as listed in the aforementioned Framework for Environmental Actions, will be considered for payment. The Department will examine each proposed action to determine whether the action should be classified as an environmental action or whether the proposed action would be more suited to inclusion under a different objective or measure. The decision of the Department in such determinations shall be final.

3.2 Preparing an operational programme

- 3.2.1. The programme shall be prepared by the PO. The PO can seek the help of a trade association(s) and/or external consultant(s), if necessary. **However, the programme and its implementation shall remain solely the responsibility of the PO.** The application for approval of the programme shall be submitted on form

HORT PO AP 2, (available from the Department). The Department will not accept any application which is not submitted on the latest version of the prescribed form or any application which is incomplete or is not accompanied by the required supporting documentation.

The Department may request any other information in support of the programme approval application.

- 3.2.2. The description of the situation at the start of the programme shall include, at least, details of the following:
- a) the names and addresses of the members;
 - b) the production area, yield and value of the crop(s) that are currently being produced by each member;
 - c) the qualifications and/or experience of each member in producing the crop(s) for which the PO is recognised;
 - d) details of any post-harvest equipment, pack-house(s) and/or cold-storage facilities owned by the members or by the PO; and
 - e) the current marketing arrangements and market outlets.

- 3.2.3. The PO must clearly state all of the objectives of its programme. The objectives that are eligible for EU financial assistance are listed in Section 3 of the National Strategy. The PO must, when determining the objectives for its programme, take account of the outlook for production, market outlets and the essential aims of the PO. The PO must use objectives which are included in the National Strategy.
- 3.2.4. The programme shall include a detailed description of each measure, with its component actions, that will be taken to achieve all of the stated objectives in every year of the programme. The measures and actions that are eligible for EU financial assistance are listed in Section 3.2 of the National Strategy.
- 3.2.5. The PO must supply the following details of its operational fund account and of the financial provisions for the programme:
- a) the method of calculation and the level of financial contributions to the operational fund from each of the PO members and the PO itself;
 - b) the procedure for financing the operational fund;
 - c) the information necessary to justify any different levels of contributions to the operational fund; and,
 - d) the budget and timetable for undertaking operations to implement each year of the programme.
- 3.2.6. Targets and performance indicators shall be established and agreed with the Department for each action at the start of each operational programme year, or at the time of approval of any amendment to any of the programme measures/actions (as appropriate), so that progress towards achieving the programme objectives can be monitored. The targets shall be specific, measurable, achievable, relevant and time constrained (SMART). The performance indicators for each eligible measure are set out in Section 3.2 of the National Strategy. Other indicators may also be required, as appropriate.
- 3.2.7. Targets and performance indicators must be reported on fully in the Annual and Final Reports.
- 3.2.8. The records required to support staff costs are job descriptions, contemporaneous timesheets and/or diaries or documents of equal probative value, and payroll records. Additionally for specialist staff, whose primary function is undertaking the action for which the claim is being made, the contract or agreement between the PO and agent detailing the services to be provided must be available, and the fees agreed must be specified in the contract.
- 3.2.9. Any change in the rate charged for any action must be justified to, and agreed with the Department, before being implemented. Otherwise, payment will be restricted to the previous rate.
- 3.2.10. The Department will base its determination solely on the supporting documentation submitted at the time of application.

3.3 Ineligible operations and expenditure

- 3.3.1. Measures and actions that are not included in the National Strategy are ineligible for financial assistance.
- 3.3.2. The Department may apply a maximum duration to environmental actions, other than environmental actions which solely relate to the acquisition of capital investments, listed in the Framework for Environmental Actions.

- 3.3.3. The Department may apply a ceiling to the aid payable in respect of a particular action, for example, the Department may set an upper percentage of the budget available for an action as part of the approval process.
- 3.3.4 A measure cannot exceed 50% of the operational programme budget (excluding administrative costs) and cannot account for any more than 50% of the EU aid paid. Limits on actions and/or measures are set out in the relevant national strategy under which the operational programme is approved.

3.4 General principles and conditions regarding the eligibility of operations and expenditure.

- 3.4.1. Payment of aid is subject to the PO continuing to comply with all recognition criteria and fulfilling the regulatory requirements.
- 3.4.2. The PO
- (i). shall maintain clear records of the implementation of each action, and in the case of any outsourced action(s) records that demonstrate the PO's overall management, control and supervision of the commercial arrangement for the provision of the action.
 - (ii). Records for actions must be made readily available to a Department official on request. If during an inspection, the required documentation is not available at the PO's offices, the action will be disallowed in part or in full.
- 3.4.3. The PO must retain an appropriate record of the implementation of outsourced actions and of the control checks undertaken to demonstrate their continued management, control and supervision of outsourced actions. These records shall be made readily available to a Department official on request.
- 3.4.4. The eligible costs for staff approved under the programme are limited to gross salary costs actually incurred, including employers National Insurance.
- 3.4.5. Any travel expenses, not fully logged, vouched and documented, shall be automatically deemed ineligible. Claims in respect of meals and/or subsistence are ineligible for EU aid.
- 3.4.6. Certified copies of Tax Clearance Certificates must be retained by the PO for all service providers to the PO, who receive more than €10,000 in any year from the PO. These records must be retained on-site and be available for inspection at all reasonable times. Failure to retain copies of up-to-date tax clearance certificates for suppliers paid more than €10,000 in any calendar year may lead to disallowance of the amounts involved and imposition of penalties, if appropriate.
- 3.4.7. See also the specific conditions in relation to capital investments – at Annex I attached.

3.5. Aid for administration of the programme

- 3.5.1. A PO may claim 2% of the approved expenditure on the programme to cover the costs of administering the programme. The sum of the budgets for the actions of the operational programme will be approved at 100%, excluding a maximum of 2% for administration costs.
- 3.5.2. Administrative tasks are normally carried out by the PO's own staff and/or by one or more consultants who are engaged directly by the PO. If another arrangement is put in place, it must be considered and approved by the Department, who must be

satisfied that the costs can be verified. It must also be verifiable by documentary evidence that shall be made available to a Department official on request. These costs are included in the 2% allowed for administration costs.

- 3.5.3. Below is a non-exhaustive list of tasks which are included in the 2% administration. Time spent by management and/or personnel and any other costs incurred on the following items:
- (a) preparing proposals for the programme and engaging in consultations and correspondence with officers of the Minister for approval of the programme;
 - (b) managing the operational fund and execution of expenditure on the programme;
 - (c) compiling the annual claim for financial assistance and engaging in meetings and correspondence with officers of the Minister on the processing of the claim;
 - (d) compiling the Annual and Final Reports and the mid-term evaluation of the programme;
 - (e) compiling statistical returns as required by the Department;
 - (f) facilitating inspections carried out by the Department; and
 - (g) travel expenses, provided they are fully logged, vouched and documented and the purpose of the travel is stated and is deemed eligible for inclusion by the Department.
- 3.5.4. If it is not practicable to pay the salaries of PO staff administering the operational programme directly from the operational fund account, evidence of their salaries must be provided, together with the amount of their time spent on administering the programme, which must be clearly documented by contemporaneous timesheets.
- 3.5.5. General overhead costs such as utilities, phones, office accommodation, heating or IT support should not be claimed.

3.6. Submitting and amending programmes

- 3.6.1. The approval letter shall state the date of implementation of the operational programme and the budget for the first year of the operational programme. Budgets declared by POs on an application for a new or revised operational programme or an in year amendment for subsequent years of the operational programme are indicative budgets only. The approved budget for each subsequent year will be notified to the PO, in writing, on or before the 20 January of the year being approved.
- 3.6.2. By 15 September of each year of its approved programme, the PO must either confirm that the programme for the following year shall be implemented, as approved, or submit its proposed change(s) for approval by the Department. Applications for approval of any amendment(s) shall be submitted on form **HORT PO AP 2** (available from the Department). The application form must be accompanied by supporting documents outlining the reasons for, the nature of, and the implications of the proposed change(s). Incomplete application forms, or applications which are not on the prescribed form, will be rejected. An application form to amend an existing operational programme must include details of all actions in the existing programme and must highlight any changes sought.

To comply with Article 33 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/891, the PO will be required to confirm their acceptance in writing of the Operational Programme as amended by the Department, including any conditions attached to the approval. The approval letter shall state the date of implementation of the amended operational programme and the dates from which expenditure is eligible.

A request to change the programme to take account of any new conditions or situations which could not have been foreseen when the programme was initially presented can be made to the Department.

All applications to amend the operational programme for the following year(s) must be accompanied by full supporting documentation justifying the requested changes.

The changed programme must not alter significantly the original programme and objectives agreed initially. All changes must include baseline indicators and it must be possible to quantify progress using the reporting indicators.

Where a PO decides not to revise its operational programme for the following year, the starting point for the budget for the following year will be the most recent budget declared by the PO for that year included in an application submitted by the PO, which was at least part approved by the Department. The Department reserves the right to decrease the budget declared for any action for the following year in line with the approved budget for the preceding year and to take account of any decisions, clarifications, audit findings, information from other competent authorities and any other factors (including experience of implementing the Scheme) which the Department considers to be relevant when the Department is determining the budget for the year in question. The Department will notify in writing the PO of the approved budget no later than 20 January in the year of the operational programme.

3.6.3. During the year, the PO may request, in writing, by submitting a maximum of two in-year amendment applications, for approval to:

- (a) implement its operational programme in part only;
- (b) change the contents of the programme;
- (c) increase the amount of the operational fund by a maximum of 25% of the initially approved amount, or reduce it by up to 33½%, provided that the overall objectives of the programme are maintained and the request is justified by the PO, and accepted by the Department.

The Department will accept two in-year amendment applications per calendar year. The latest date for receipt of an in-year amendment application in the first half of the year is

15 June. The latest date for receipt of an in-year amendment application in the second half of the year is **15 October** for the operational year. Notification of budgetary changes permitted at 3.6.4 (c) does not constitute an in-year amendment application and are not subject to the deadlines outlined above. Only fully completed in-year amendment applications on the prescribed form, accompanied by all of the required supporting documentation, will be accepted.

- 3.6.4. Only the following amendments can be made to programmes during the year without the Department's prior approval:
- (a) any personnel/staff change(s), provided that they do not affect the overall effectiveness of the programme and subject to the approved service providers remaining unchanged; and/or
 - (b) any change(s) from variations in the value of marketed production during the reference period, included by the PO for the purpose of determining the maximum aid which can be claimed; and/or
 - (c) any transfer(s) between different approved actions, provided that the maximum percentage allowed for any action or measure is not exceeded, a maximum increase of 5% or €50,000 (whichever is less) per action is observed and provided that all such transfers are notified to the Department by 15th October.
 - (d) Section 3.6.4(c) does not apply to On Farm Investment items or actions, where the total PO budget for capital investment actions is equal to or exceeds €250,000 in that calendar year.
- The Annual Report accompanying the aid claim must include justification for all variations between estimated aid and the aid applied for.
- 3.6.5. A request for any change to an existing action in an operational programme, not provided for in 3.6.4 above, must be submitted to, and approved by, the Department before it is implemented.
- 3.6.6. A request for inclusion of a new action in an Operational Programme, or the inclusion of a previously unclaimed item within an action, must be submitted to, and approved by, the Department before it is implemented.
- 3.6.7. Any expenditure by the PO on an action before the new or amended action is approved by the Department will be deemed ineligible for EU aid.
- 3.6.8. Changes to existing actions must be approved by the Department in advance so that the Department can ensure the overall objectives are maintained. Programmes should be robust and well planned (without being speculative) thereby reducing the need for submitting an in-year amendment.
- 3.6.9. POs must also use the in-year amendment facility to offset reductions in costs against increases in other actions, i.e., any savings on one action cannot be used to fund another action or another item/service provider within the same action, unless the proposed changes are within the maximum budgetary changes provided for at 3.6.4 (c) above.
- 3.6.10. **Verifiability and Controllability of actions** –Where the Department deems that the requirement for the verifiability and controllability of actions are not met, the action(s) concerned shall be adjusted accordingly or deleted from the operational programme.

3.7 Compliance with public procurement, State Aid rules and Tax legislation

- 3.7.1 Checks on operational programmes will include checks to ensure that national and Community rules on public procurement and State Aid are being complied with in relation to the actions for which EU support is applied. Similar checks will be carried out on claims for assistance before payment is made.
- 3.7.2. Each PO must draft and implement appropriate procurement procedures which must be clearly documented and must take cognisance of national procurement guidelines. Records must be retained in respect of any deviations from the procedures and the reasons for the action taken must be explained in writing. The Department will examine PO records to determine whether it considers the exception(s) listed to justify the action taken. If the Department does not agree that the circumstances detailed in the PO records warranted the exceptional action taken, the expenditure involved will be disallowed.
- 3.7.3. In conformity with general practice, the approval of an application for payment of aid, as provided for in this scheme, is subject to the condition that, where a contractor is employed to carry out work, that contractor must have a current tax clearance certificate from the Revenue Commissioners. To ensure compliance with this condition, each contractor's tax clearance certificate must be submitted to the PO, which must retain all such records for inspection for a period of at least 5 years after the end of the operational programme.
- 3.7.4. In the case of a non-resident contractor, a general tax clearance certificate will be required. This provision applies whether or not the non-resident contractor has a registered office in this country.
- 3.7.5. Any PO member receiving more than €10,000 from the PO in respect of capital investments must submit a current tax clearance certificate to the PO, which must be retained by the PO for examination by the Department and/or auditors of the Scheme.

4. Claiming Financial Assistance

4.1 Making a claim for EU financial assistance

4.1.1. (a) The PO must submit its application for EU financial assistance for each calendar year of its approved programme to the Department by 15th February, at the latest, of the following year. This application shall be submitted to the Department on Form **HORT PO AP 4** (available from the Department).

(b) The PO may apply for **one partial payment** of the aid corresponding to expenditure incurred under one of the three options outlined below for the period 1 January to 30 June for the operational year. Only invoices paid and processed through the operational fund account by 30 June are eligible to be submitted. Applications shall be submitted to the Department on **HORT PO AP 4** by **31 July** of the year in question.

POs may claim a partial payment for **one** of the following only:

- (i) On outsourced actions in the period covered by the claim
- (ii) On farm investments in the period covered by the claim
- (iii) On other actions (excluding research, OFI's and outsourced actions) in the period covered by the claim

Payment of aid will be restricted to a maximum of 80% of the aid due on amounts spent. The balance of the aid due for that period will issue when the PO's claim for the rest of the year has been processed. If a PO wishes to apply for a partial payment, the aid due on the remainder of the expenditure incurred within the year must be claimed by 15 February of the following year in line with Condition 4.1.1(a).

4.1.2. Applications for EU financial assistance shall be accompanied by an Annual or Final Report on the programme (see also Section 2.2). These reports, in addition to the reporting requirements laid down in the Regulation, shall include the following information:

- (a) the audited, certified value of the marketed production of the recognised product(s) for the reference period, which shall be separately shown in the audited accounts of the PO, and in the PO's accounting system;
- (b) a statement, signed by the Chairman or CEO of the PO, detailing the amount of EU financial assistance which the PO is claiming, confirmation of the VMP for the reference year and for the calendar year of the claim being made, and a statement verifying that the account is in order, the work has been completed satisfactorily, the costs are fair and reasonable and that the application complies with these Terms and Conditions and the governing EU legislation;

An application will not be accepted unless accompanied by an Annual/Final Report. If the claim is submitted without the Annual/Final Report, the claim shall be treated as a late application and the aid payable shall be reduced by 1% for each day between the 15th February and the date of receipt by the Department of the Annual/Final Report, as required.

Incomplete applications cannot be accepted and will be returned to the PO. If the fully completed application form is not submitted until after 15th February, the aid payment will be reduced by 1% for every day between the deadline and the eventual date of receipt.

- 4.1.3. Claims must be substantiated by certified copies of invoices [authorised for payment and stamped paid] or originals, and these should be cross-referenced to bank statement details. Original bank statements must show that all such expenditure was paid from the operational fund. Invoices shall be established in the name of the PO.

Statements of account must be submitted, on request by the Department, to confirm that payment has been received by the service provider for items and/or services included in the claim for EU aid.

- 4.1.4. Costs should not be paid by the PO until a service has been provided to the satisfaction of the PO and, if applicable, the goods have been received, commissioned and are, where appropriate, installed.
- 4.1.5 In the case of on-farm investments, the PO must undertake a site inspection to confirm that the capital investment is fully commissioned and operational and that the equipment fully matches the specification, quotation and the detailed description of the equipment on the invoice. Written reports of these inspections must be retained at the HQ of the PO.
- 4.1.6. Bank statements for any trading accounts, relating to the actual purchase and sale of the products for which the PO is recognised, shall be available for inspection.
- 4.1.7. Where a PO is invoiced in any currency other than Euros for goods, services or the provision of an outsourced action from the operational fund it must use, when claiming EU aid, the Revenue rate on the date the operational account is debited. However, if conversion of the transaction using the Revenue rate on the date the account was debited would increase the amount actually included in the PO's audited accounts and/or on their accounting system for that transaction, then the lower amount only should be claimed

In the case of conversion to Euros, of quotations for capital investment items to be purchased, the date of the quotation determines the Revenue rate which should apply when submitting the ACIP or the MCIP.

The Revenue exchange rate for converting all non-Euro transactions must be applied in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Revenue Commissioners relating to the exchange rates to be used in determining customs values.

- 4.1.8. Where a PO operates two or more operational funds (a maximum of one operational fund for each currency is permitted), the invoiced currency shall dictate which operational fund the transaction should be channelled through. The Department will disallow in full all invoices issued in the currency of an operational fund operated by the PO but paid through an operational fund in a different currency.
- 4.1.9. The claim for any item must not exceed the budget for that item or the rate contracted and approved by the Department for that service, action or measure and the claim must also not exceed the actual cost of providing that service if the actual cost is lower than the approved budget and/or the approved or contracted rate.
- 4.1.10. The unit of measurement of the volume of marketed production must be stated in kilograms. To convert from pounds to kilograms, the following conversion rates must be used:
- Lbs to Kgs: Divide lbs by 2.20462262
- 4.1.11. Before paying an invoice, POs must check that invoices are calculated correctly, and the sum of all items invoiced adds to the total on the invoice. Invoices not calculated correctly will be disallowed in full. Failure to perform this basic check

before paying an invoice would demonstrate a lack of commercial and budgetary management by the PO, which is a criterion for recognition.

- 4.1.12. Payment of EU aid cannot be made until such time that a signed certified copy of the audited accounts for the operational year being claimed are submitted to the Department.

4.2. Date for payment of financial assistance

The Department shall pay EU financial assistance by 15 October of the year after each completed annual cycle of the programme, unless non-respect of recognition criteria apply, or if the Department deems the claim, or any part thereof, to be ineligible for payment under the Scheme, in which case the amount involved, together with penalties, if applicable, will be deducted before payment issues.

4.3. Publication of aid payments

In accordance with the provisions of Regulation (EU) No 1306/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the financing of the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP), the Minister is obliged to ensure annual ex-post publication of all of the beneficiaries of CAP funding, both legal and non-legal persons. This data may be used by national or EU auditing and investigating bodies to protect the financial interests of the EU.

The Data Protection Acts 1988, 2003 and 2018, along with The General Data Protection Regulation (EU 2016/679), describe the rights of data subjects, and how these rights must be exercised. The publication of these details was required by EU law (although legal proceedings may change this position). The published information cannot be used for any direct marketing or other purpose(s). A warning to this effect will be included on the website, if details of the payments are published.

1. Information

Applicants, and the PO itself, must provide any information required by the Department for the control, monitoring and evaluation of the scheme and any other information requested in support of their claim.

2. Disclaimer

The approval for, or payment of aid, does not imply any endorsement by the Department of a project's safety, technical feasibility and/or economic viability; nor does it imply the acceptance by the Department of any responsibility as regards the stability of any structure, or the soundness of any materials.

3. Decision of the Department

The decision of the Department on any matter relating to this scheme or to any works thereunder shall be final.

4. Additional Conditions

The Department reserves the right to amend, from time to time, these conditions, and the procedures to be followed by POs acquiring capital investments under the PO Scheme.

All such amendments shall be notified in writing to all POs recognised by the Department and shall include the date from which the change will take effect.

5. Failure to comply with Terms and Conditions

Failure to comply with any of the above conditions may result in total disallowance, for EU aid purposes, of the capital investment cost.

6. False statements

Without prejudice to penalties applicable under national law, if when applying for aid under this Scheme, a PO member or a PO official makes a false statement or withholds essential information, all or such portion of the aid paid, or claimed, as the Department may determine shall be recovered or withheld. In addition, the Department reserves the right to exclude such a person from further participation in the scheme for such a period as it shall determine.

5. MONITORING AND EVALUATING

5.1 Auditing of claims for financial assistance

Payment of EU funds shall be subject to inspection checks and/or audit by officials of the Department, external auditors on behalf of the EU Commission, officials of the EU Commission or the EU Court of Auditors and in this connection the PO must be required to:

- (a) provide facilities to allow on-site access to, and examination of, all installations and records considered relevant by the Department;
- (b) provide copies of annual accounts, Final and Annual Reports, mid-term evaluations, details in relation to the calculation of its VMP and any other supplementary information deemed necessary by the Department;
- (c) maintain and make available to such officers on request, records relating to expenditure incurred by the PO and any further supporting documentation/files required to verify the validity and accuracy of those records, including where requested, tenders, paid invoices, receipts, bank statements, returned paid cheques, records of electronic fund transfers, certificates issued by auditors etc, any or all of which may be verified independently by the Department;
- (d) ensure that expenditure incurred which formed the basis of claims and the payment to the PO of EU funds is easily identifiable in the PO's accounting system. The PO must credit to the operational fund bank account any levies collected from members under the Scheme and any rebates, reductions or commission received which are not already included on the relevant invoice(s). The PO must notify the Department of any such amounts credited to the Operational fund, and, at the latest, at the time of submission of the claim for EU financial assistance under this Scheme; and
- (e) ensure that there is a clear audit trail from the claim to the source documents, to the item or service supplied to the PO.

5.2 Right of Entry

Whilst the PO or the PO member will usually receive notice of when the inspection is due to take place, on occasion a visit may be carried out on an unannounced basis. Access must be granted to authorised officers of the Member State undertaking the inspection at all reasonable times whether or not prior notification has been given. If a PO staff member, an officer of the PO or a PO member or a representative of the PO prevents an authorised officer of the Member State undertaking the inspection from making a check, the application for aid will be rejected.

5.3 Technical Assessments

All programmes will be subject to a technical assessment prior to initial approval of the programme and in the final year of the programme to validate the reports submitted by the PO. This is to ensure the PO has adhered to the agreed programme and to observe the benefits obtained by the members.

In addition to a review and understanding of the measures proposed, the economic and commercial viability of the proposals are considered.

5.4 Relationship with Rural Development Programme and other EU or National Schemes

Demarcation role with other EU financial instruments

The Department will carry out checks to ensure that a PO, which has certified that neither the PO nor its members have applied for, or received any other State or EU aid, has not included in its claim for EU aid costs for any action for which the PO or its member(s) have applied for, or received, State or EU funding. If having made a declaration that no duplicate public funding was applied for, or received, the PO (or a PO member) is subsequently found to have included such items in the claim for EU aid, the Department will take appropriate action against the PO where the amount involved is considered significant by the Department.

6. CHECKS ON EU AID CLAIMS AND APPLICATIONS

6.1. On-the-spot checks

- 6.1.1. The Department will carry out on-the-spot checks in accordance with the Commission Implementing Regulation, the Commission Delegated Regulation and the Council Regulation.
- 6.1.2 Where, during an on-the-spot check, the PO fails to provide verifiable evidence to support that the action was implemented as approved, in full or in part, payment for that action will be disallowed in full or in part.

6.2 Administrative checks

- 6.2.1 The Department will carry out administrative checks in accordance with Commission Implementing Regulation, the Commission Delegated Regulation and the Council Regulation.
- 6.2.2 Where, during an administrative check, the PO fails to provide verifiable documentary evidence to fully support the implementation of an action or part of an action, payment for that action will be disallowed in full or in part.
- 6.2.3. Where, during an administrative or on the spot check, a randomly selected number of transactions relating to a particular action is selected for detailed examination and where part of the selected documentation is deemed ineligible for whatever reason, payment for that entire action will be reduced by an amount equal to the percentage of the sample deemed ineligible.

6.2.4 **EU aid claimed on items sourced, or supplied, via companies or suppliers, associated with one or more PO members or a PO employee**

In order to substantiate the costs claimed by the PO, the Department reserves the right to examine the third party invoices issued to those associated companies. Failure to provide the supporting invoices shall result in full disallowance for payment purposes.

The PO must implement robust checks and controls to eliminate the potential for inflated costs being claimed from the PO and to ensure that the EU aid claimed is fully supported by the documentation the PO retains at their Headquarters.

6.3 Fraud in respect of aid

Without prejudice to other penalties detailed in this section, the Department shall report any PO that it suspects of making a fraudulent claim to An Garda Síochána.

7. DATA PROTECTION

Part A:

Information applicable to all Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine customers:

1. The Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine is fully committed to keeping all personal data submitted by its customers, fully safe and secure during administrative processes. All necessary technical measures have been put in place to ensure the safety and security of the systems which hold this data. Department staff are also considered as customers of the Department from a Data Protection perspective and may exercise their data protection rights in the same way.
2. Transparency and openness in the use of personal data held is important to the Department and therefore we aim to fully inform all our customers about the purpose(s) for which their data will be used and why, where it may be shared elsewhere and why and how long their data may be held by the Department. Information on the rights of the customers will also be provided.
3. The current legislation for Data Protection in Ireland is the General Data Protection Regulations (EU2016/679) that came into effect on 25 May 2018.
4. The Data Controller for the collection and processing of all personal data in the Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine is the Minister for DAMF as a legal entity.
5. The Data Protection Officer can be contacted as follows:
Data Protection Officer
Data Protection Unit, Corporate Affairs,
Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine
Grattan Business Park, Dublin Road,
Portlaoise, Co Laois.

Email: dataprotectionofficer@agriculture.gov.ie
6. Personal data processed by the Department will only be used for the specific purpose (s) as outlined when the data is collected, or in later communications, and will only be used in accordance with the Data Protection legislation in force.
7. Rights of the individual in relation to personal data held by the Department:

When you, as a customer, provide personal data to the Department you have certain rights available to you in relation to that data. These rights are outlined below and can be exercised by contacting the Data Protection Officer, as detailed above, indicating which right(s) you wish to exercise:

- Currently our customers have the following rights:
- access to their data
- rectification of their data
- erasure of their data
- right to lodge a complaint with the Supervisory Authority
- restriction of processing

- data portability
- objection to processing
- withdraw consent if they previously gave it in relation to processing of their personal data
- relating to automated decision making, including profiling.

Part B – Information specific to the personal data being collected

The following data is specific information in relation to the personal data processed for the scheme of EU aid for Producer Organisations in the fruit and vegetables sector

8. Specified purpose:

The data is collected in order to assess an application under the Scheme and also to make payment of EU aid under the Scheme.

9. Legal basis:

The data is collected as per the requirements outlined in Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament, Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 891/2017 and Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 892 /2017

10. Recipients:

Limited data may be shared with the Rural Payments Agency UK and other Irish Governmental Departments regarding double funding checks.

11. Transferred outside the EU:

The data is not transferred outside the EU

12. Retention Period:

Ordinarily, the data is retained for 7 years. The data collected for this purpose will be held by the Department only as long as there is a business need to do so in line with the purpose(s) for which it was collected. After this time it will be marked for destruction and will be destroyed in line with internal guidelines or guidelines for destruction received from the National Archives Office or associated permissions received from them.

13. Data provision being statutory or contractual obligation:

The data provided for this purpose is being requested under the requirements of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 891/2017 and Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 892 /2017. Please note that as a participant in the scheme of EU aid for Producer Organisations in the fruit and vegetables sector, you are obliged to provide information as outlined in the aforementioned regulations. If you choose not to provide this information your application for aid cannot proceed

14. Information from Third Party:

Your personal data in relation to On Farm Investments is obtained from the Competent Authority in other EU States and/or other Irish Governmental Departments in line with this Department's requirement to verify that dual funding has not occurred.

Technical information on data collected:

Technical information on the cookies used on our Department's website is available at the following link: <https://www.agriculture.gov.ie/legalnotices/privacy/>

8. Review of these Terms and Conditions

The Department reserves the right to revise and/or amend, from time to time, the conditions attaching to, and the procedures to be followed, in relation to this Scheme. All such amendments shall be notified, in writing, to recognised POs, and shall include the date from which the change is to take effect.

Annex 1

TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR

THE SCHEME OF EU AID FOR PRODUCER ORGANISATIONS IN THE FRUIT AND VEGETABLES

SECTOR –CAPITAL INVESTMENTS

Definitions

For the purpose of this Annex to the Terms and Conditions of the PO scheme:-

The definitions in the Terms and Conditions of the Scheme of EU aid for producer organisations in the fruit and vegetables sector apply also to this Annex.

“**Multi-Annual Capital investment Plan**” (**MCIP**) means a costed plan relating to capital investments proposed by the PO over the duration of their operational programme, including priorities, objectives and budgets based on the numbers and types of proposed investments.

“**Annual Capital Investment Plan**” (**ACIP**) means a detailed fully costed capital investment plan for the Operational Programme for the year commencing the following 1 January.

“**Investment**” means a capital investment purchased and/or leased, or proposed by a PO.

“**Written evidence**” shall mean a hard copy of any document, letter, quotation, email etc.

Summary

- The PO, if intending to spend €250,000 in a calendar year on capital investment items, must submit a detailed **ACIP** as part of its Operational Programme application the previous year. In this scenario:
 - The PO must invite its members to apply to have capital investments by the PO placed on the member’s holding
 - The PO must draw up, in advance, procedures by which it shall invite its members to make an application to participate in its ACIP and procedures to make decisions on those applications
 - The PO must draw up, in advance, procedures by which it shall invite suppliers to submit quotations for its ACIP and make decisions between quotations
 - The PO must retain documentary evidence that it has used its procedures referred to above.
- The **MCIP** for the remaining years of the programme should include PO priorities, objectives and budgets based on proposed investments and the numbers of each type of investment included in the MCIP.

Terms and conditions specific to on-farm investments and capital investment items purchased by the PO

Commission Delegated Regulation and Commission Implementing Regulations make provision for the Department to adopt complementary rules concerning the eligibility of measures, actions or expenditure under operational programmes. These complementary rules will be adopted by inclusion in these Terms and Conditions and include the following conditions:

1) Multi-Annual Capital Investment Plan

- a) The PO is responsible for proposing an MCIP which sets out its objectives and priorities for the number and types of investments it proposes to make over the period of its Operational Programme.
- b) POs can only place capital investments on the holdings of active producer members.
- c) The viability of, and potential of, the investments proposed should be assessed by the PO or a technical advisor engaged by the PO. The proposed investments must advance the objectives of the actions under which they are proposed.
- d) The MCIP must set out written objectives and priorities for deciding which types of investment are proposed, the number of each type of investment and the cost involved in each calendar year of the programme. The MCIP shall include the indicators against which it will monitor performance against pre-defined targets and setting those targets. The MCIP shall include a description of the process the PO intends to use in seeking and selecting quotations for each year. Quotes are to be based on previous purchases, publicly available prices, supplier estimates, quantity surveyor rates, etc., and be available to the Department if required. Member details are not necessary in the Multi Annual Capital Investment Plan.
- e) The PO must provide details of measures in place to protect the environment from any possible increased pressure resulting from the proposed investments. An environmental impact statement may be requested where the Department is of the opinion that the works proposed to be carried out would increase pressure on the environment – in particular to environmentally sensitive areas or to a structure or area of historical or archaeological importance.

The PO must submit its MCIP to the Department at the start of a new operational programme application.

2. PO Process for seeking quotations for detailed ACIP

- a) The PO must advertise a list of planned capital investments and invite quotations from suppliers through a national newspaper and/or a trade/sector publication. The advertisement must be placed in a publication, which is likely to attract a good representative sample of all potential service providers in the market concerned. A copy of the advertisement must be available for inspection by the Department. The advertisement must include the closing date for submission of tenders to the PO.

- b) The process used for seeking and deciding between quotations shall be based on the principles of non-discrimination, equal treatment, transparency, proportionality, freedom to provide service and freedom of establishment. The tendering process must be competitive and carried out in an open, objective and transparent manner to achieve best value for money. The PO must set out a clear specification for each investment and must seek written quotations, based on the specification, from at least three different suppliers, at least one of which should be from a supplier that is not associated with either the PO, or a PO member or a PO official. Where the PO cannot obtain three quotations, the PO must explain, to the satisfaction of the Department, why this is the case.

Each quotation must be fully descriptive, include the detailed specification of the item (which the PO must ensure is consistent with the specification the PO issued to intending suppliers), must clearly show the cost of each item (net of VAT), must separately detail the installation and commissioning costs and should be in printed format and on the headed paper of the company supplying the quotation. The PO must obtain current quotations for all capital investments items being sought. When submitting the ACIP, the PO must convert non-Euro quotations into Euro using the average monthly Revenue rate from January of the year of submission to the month prior to the date of submission. The PO must retain verifiable documentary evidence of the process used and the criteria on which all quotations were judged. The judgement criteria for each particular investment item must be the same for all quotations. The written evidence retained must also document the PO's justification for the decisions reached in relation to the capital investment applications received.

- c) The written evidence of the process used shall demonstrate that all relevant information was made available to the decision makers.
- d) The Department reserves the right to disallow payment where the appropriate process as outlined above was not followed or the written rationale for the decision taken is deemed not to be justified by the evidence presented.
- e) Suppliers of goods and services must be invited to submit quotations exclusive of VAT. VAT law provides for equal treatment in the supply of goods and services. Therefore no competitive advantage or disadvantage should arise from the correct application of VAT rules.
- f) All **quotations** and **invoices** must be addressed to the **PO** since it is the PO that should have initially sought the quotation and/or invoice. Investments made on foot of quotations and/or invoices addressed to any entity, other than the PO, will not be accepted as eligible for EU aid by the Department.
- g) Each tender must be date-stamped received by the PO. No tenders should be considered by the PO if received by them after the closing date stipulated in the advertisement at 2 a) above.
- h) Quotations received should not be examined until after the closing date for receipt of tenders. If the PO has not received three quotations for an item before the closing date advertised, the PO should approach at least three suppliers, in writing, and should assess all quotations received by them using this process.
- i) The PO must not enter into price negotiations after the tenders have all been received. Post-tender negotiation is prohibited as it diminishes transparency and can give rise to abuses in the tendering process. The PO's tendering system must be designed to operate on the basis that companies submit their most competitive bid in response to the specifications set out by the PO for the items the PO intends to purchase.

3. PO Process for drawing up its ACIP

- a) Before submitting its ACIP the PO shall notify all of its members in writing of the objectives and priorities with regard to the types of capital investments it intends prioritising for funding during the following year, in line with the approved operational programme.
- b) The PO shall invite its members to apply to have a PO investment placed on their holding.
- c) The PO shall decide in advance the process by which decisions will be made between applications. This process should be documented and available for inspection by its members and the Department.

4. Detailed Annual Capital Investment Plan

- a) The PO must submit its detailed ACIP in the form of an application to revise its Operational Programme under Commission Delegated Regulation and/or Commission Implementing Regulations. The closing date for submission is 15th of September.
- b) The ACIP shall be fully costed. The PO must submit, at the same time as submitting its ACIP, three quotations to support the costing of each proposed investment in its ACIP unless the PO cannot obtain three quotations, in which case, the PO must include an explanation as to why this was not possible. The specifications issued by the PO to prospective suppliers must also be submitted to the Department. The PO must use the process laid down in Section 2 for seeking quotations. All quotations shall be in printed format and on the headed paper of the company supplying the quotation.
- c) Before submitting its ACIP for approval, the PO must have undertaken a process of seeking and deciding between quotations. The PO must retain documentary evidence of the process it undertook in arriving at the decision on a particular supplier and quotation.
- d) The Department shall, as appropriate;
 - i) approve amounts included in the ACIP
 - ii) approve amounts included in the ACIP, on condition that certain amendments are accepted by the PO, or
 - iii) reject the ACIP or parts thereof
- e) The PO must accept in writing the ACIP as amended by the Department, including any conditions attached, before any investments can be ordered.
- f) In the event that the Department considers there is a risk that all members of a PO have not been given equal opportunity, or in the event that a PO is seeking to draw down the maximum level of aid possible with regard to capital investments, the Department reserves the right to impose a limit on the proportion of budgeted and/or payable aid on expenditure relating to capital investments being placed on the holding(s) of any one individual member of the PO.
- g) The PO is responsible for, and must carry out all stages of ACIP as part of the Operational Programme approved by the Department. Each stage will be evidenced in writing and this documentation must be available for inspection by the

Department and/or auditors. The PO must undertake the ACIP directly and shall not outsource any actions under it.

- h) Only items approved in the ACIP will be eligible for funding under this scheme. The approved budget for any capital investment action cannot be increased by the PO without prior approval of the Department.
- i) The budget for any approved item in the detailed ACIP cannot be re-assigned to acquire any other item (even a similar item with a different specification) without the prior written approval of the Department.

5. Placing of capital investments on a member's holding

- a) Capital investments may be placed on the premises of a producer member if this advances the objectives of the PO. The conditions for making such investments are laid down hereunder:
 - i) ownership of the capital investment is retained by the PO
 - ii) the written agreement between the PO and the member shall include appropriate provisions to allow the PO to recover the cost of the investment or its residual value if the member leaves the PO, its possible use by another member(s), and maintenance arrangements
 - iii) the investment(s) shall be financed from the operational fund
 - iv) investments by the PO must be placed only on the holdings of active producer members
 - v) the production of the producer member concerned is included in the VMP for the operational year in which the investment is sought, and
 - vi) the PO maintains an up-to-date assets register in a format acceptable to the Department, which includes details of the investment item(s) and the location of each investment item. If a capital investment is moved from one location to another, the asset register must be updated to take account of the new location and be available for inspection at all times.
- b) Investments aided should be used for the purposes intended until the end of the depreciation period of 8 years, or for a longer period if this is notified to the PO in respect of any particular item. The Department reserves the right to recover any amounts paid to the PO if any capital investment item is not used by the PO or its members for 8 years (or such longer period as was notified to the PO), or to recover the residual value. The Department's decision in determining the amount to be recovered shall be final.

6. Limitations regarding capital investment items

- a) With the exception of investments on PO premises, only equipment which is capable of being removed from the holding of a PO member and operated elsewhere can be considered for funding.
- b) Only the cost of the actual equipment being purchased, and the cost of installation and/or commissioning by the supplier or an agent approved by the manufacturer of the equipment or machinery, subject to any upper rate and/or limit determined by the Department and notified to the PO, will be considered eligible under this Scheme.
- c) Where capital investments are proposed as environmental actions the investment must conform to the requirements of the Framework for Environmental Actions attached to the National Strategy, including the requirement to submit information in advance on the reduction in energy or water use expected. The PO must also retain records of the actual reductions in energy or water achieved.
- d) Aid will not be paid for any second-hand or reconditioned equipment, materials or machinery.
- e) Aid will not be paid for repair and maintenance of equipment or machinery.
- f) In the case of investments relating to buildings/fixed structures owned/leased by the PO, the PO must show details of ownership of the site or its long-term lease for a period until the end of the fiscal depreciation period of 8 calendar years.
- g) Where the PO considers it impractical to remove the items from the holding of a member whose production no longer contributes to the VMP of the PO, the Department will either recover the amount paid in respect of that investment from the PO's next claim for EU aid under the Scheme, or recover the amount paid directly from the PO, or the residual value as determined by the Department on a case-by-case basis. Interest may be applied to the recovered amount in accordance with EU legislation. However, in duly justified circumstances, the Department may provide that the PO shall not be required to recover the investment or its residual value.
- h) The PO must notify the Department immediately if a capital investment is not being retained by a PO member at any stage during the 8 year period following its purchase.

7. Replacement items

- a) In general, investment in a replacement asset is ineligible for aid. Such an investment shall only be considered if it is supported by evidence that the asset performs previously executed functions with greater output or increased automation or efficiency or offers greater environmental benefit. Item(s) being replaced must not have been previously funded under the Scheme of Investment Aid for the Development of the Commercial Horticulture Sector or PO Schemes or any other publicly funded scheme within the last 8 years.
- b) If aid is sought to replace existing equipment, details of the additional functionality including evidence that the assets perform previously executed functions with greater output or increased automation or efficiency or offer greater environmental benefit must be provided to the Department in the detailed ACIP and must be accepted by the Department. Where investments are replaced, the PO must state in their detailed ACIP whether it intends to comply with the

provisions of Commission Delegated Regulation and/or Commission Implementing Regulations

- c) The PO must be in a position to demonstrate that the residual value included in the detailed ACIP is appropriate and reflects the true residual value of the asset being replaced. The residual value of the items being replaced must be agreed by the Department.
- d) Where investments are replaced, the residual value of the investments replaced shall be:
 - i) added to the operational fund of the producer organisation, or
 - ii) subtracted from the cost of the replacement.
- e) **Additional specific conditions relating to replacement dutch shelving:**
 - (i) Dutch shelving being replaced must be at least 8 years old.
 - (ii) If required by the Department, the PO must submit an independent Engineer's report detailing the condition of all shelving to be replaced and quantifying the area of replacement shelving required per house/tunnel, including all dimensions (rows, tiers, length and width).
 - (iii) The report at (ii) will be provided to an inspector to facilitate an on-site pre-approval inspection to verify the condition of current shelving, and the shelving requirements of the site per tunnel/site, is as stated in the Engineer's Report. The inspector will also assess whether replacement Dutch Shelving is justified. No shelving being replaced is to be dismantled prior to this pre-approval inspection.
 - (iv) PO member must sign a declaration to the effect that the shelving being replaced was not funded publicly within the last 8 years.
 - (v) For the purposes of recovery of EU aid, the depreciation period for Dutch shelving is set as 8 calendar years.
 - (vi) EU aid will be capped at a fixed amount per metre squared shelf area, to include installation.
 - (vii) A post-investment inspection verifying purchase and installation will be undertaken by the Department, or in the case of the UK, by the relevant Inspectorate.

8. Conflict of Interest

Where a relationship exists between a PO member, a PO employee or any other person adjudicating on quotations and a supplier of equipment and/or services submitting a quotation to the PO or the supplier submitting the quotation is an associated company or under the control of a PO member or PO employee, a declaration of interests form shall be completed by all parties. Where a conflict arises the PO must have a procedure for evaluating quotations that addresses the potential conflict.

9. Budgetary restrictions

- a) Aid will be paid net of VAT.
- b) Where the cost of a capital investment item is less than the amount originally approved for the item, only the actual cost incurred will be deemed eligible.
- c) Detailed annual CIPs should be robust and well planned (without being speculative) thereby reducing the need for an in-year amendment, which should only arise exceptionally, i.e., situations which were entirely outside the control of the producer organisation and which are accepted by the Department as such. No alterations will be permitted to the detailed ACIP outside of an in-year amendment application (as per main Terms & Conditions text section 3.6).

10. Conditions specific to timeframe for commencement and completion of capital investments

- a) Work on any proposed investment must not commence until after the issue of a written approval by the Department of the Producer Organisation's ACIP. No item should be ordered, or proposed investment started, until the PO has fulfilled any conditions attached to the approval.
- b) No aid will be paid for projects which commence before the date of issue of written approval by the Department, or where the written approval contained conditions which must be accepted by the PO, the date of the written acceptance by the PO of those conditions.
- c) No aid will be paid for capital investment items other than as approved unless revised proposals and/or specifications and/or changes to the machinery/equipment originally approved in the ACIP, have been submitted to, and approved by, the Department prior to ordering and purchasing the revised capital investment items.
- d) Items ordered and/or invoiced and/or delivered and/or purchased, and/or if payments are made before issue of the written approval by the Department/acceptance in writing by the PO of any conditions attaching to the approval, will be deemed ineligible for funding under this scheme.
- e) Each investment must be completed, commissioned and where appropriate installed by 31st December in the operational programme year for which the Capital Investment is approved.
- f) Where investments for environmental actions are carried over into a subsequent programme, the investment may not be counted as one of the two mandatory environmental actions in the latter programme.

11. Right of Entry

- a) The Department reserves the right to arrange for an inspection, at all reasonable times, of any land, premises, plant, equipment and records of POs or their members participating in this scheme.
- b) Where an investment has been placed on a member's holding the member, or a person nominated by the member, must make themselves available to the Inspector in order to carry out the necessary inspections.

- c) The Department reserves the right to impose a charge for visits made, and services provided, by its officials in connection with the scheme.
- d) Whilst the PO, or the PO member, will usually receive notice of when the inspection is due to take place, on occasion a visit may be carried out on an unannounced basis. Access must be granted to officers of the competent authority of the Member State undertaking the inspection at all reasonable times whether or not prior notification has been given.

If a PO staff member, an officer of the PO or a PO member or a representative of the PO prevents an officer of the competent authority of the Member State undertaking the inspection or carrying out a check, the application for aid will be rejected.

12. Inspection of capital investments

(i) By the PO:

Before the PO claims EU aid on an investment, the PO must undertake an on-site visit to inspect the capital investment item purchased by the PO to ensure that the investment complies with the approved specification and with the invoice provided by the supplier and that the item is fully completed, installed and commissioned. Records of these on-site visits must be available for inspection by the Department and must include details of the grower number, site number, persons present during the inspection, the date of the inspection, details of the equipment examined, whether the equipment matches the specification issued and the quotation received (and if not the differences must be documented), the action under which the equipment was purchased, how the equipment contributed towards the objectives of the action .the asset register unique ID number for each item of equipment and confirmation that the tag number is affixed to the item, confirmation that the item is completed, commissioned and where appropriate installed on the date of inspection, including any comments and/or recommendations brought to the attention of the PO member. If it is found that the item purchased is ineligible for EU for whatever reason, the PO should record this on the inspection form. The inspection report must be signed by the PO staff member carrying out the inspection. Before the PO claims EU aid for an investment, the PO must examine all invoices to ensure that they contain sufficient detail so as to accurately reflect the items supplied, the approved specification, the quotation submitted, the capital investment item inspected, and the agreed costs.

(ii) By the Department/Inspectorate of the EU Member State

- a) If, on inspection, the capital investment item does not comply with the approval for that investment, payment for the item (including any ancillary equipment or items associated with that capital investment item) will result in a disallowance.
- b) If, on inspection, an approved capital investment item(s) either
 - (i). has not been completed and/or
 - (ii). has not been commissioned and/or
 - (iii). has not been, where appropriate, installed and/or
 - (iv). does not fulfil the purpose for which it was approved and/or
 - (v). does not meet the approved specificationthe Department will apply a disallowance.

13. Proof of Payment of relevant invoices

- a) It will be a requirement for the PO to submit proofs of payment that are acceptable to the Department. These proofs will consist of original operational fund bank statements and, if requested, copies of encashed cheques. Alternatively, on-line operational fund bank statements (only high quality colour printouts with bank logo) [with copies of encashed cheques where requested] will be acceptable, or if payment is made by electronic fund transfers an original bank statement listing payments to the supplier must be submitted.

- b) Amounts listed on bank statements must clearly match the relevant item and invoice on which aid is claimed.

- c) Invoices must be submitted with the claim for aid. Before submitting the invoices the PO must ensure that each invoice:
 - (i). is marked by the PO to show which investment in the capital investment approved by the Department it relates to;
 - (ii). includes sufficient detail to enable a cross-check against the item approved, the quotation and the PO specification and contains the serial number of the equipment, if appropriate,
 - (iii). is addressed to the PO,
 - (iv). includes an invoice number and date of issue;
 - (v). shows the cost of each item, excluding VAT
 - (vi). shows the total VAT paid, and
 - (vii). shows the amount of discount applied, if any.

- (d) Invoices which do not include the details at (c) above will result in a disallowance, for EU aid purposes, of the item/investment in question.**

14. Aid from Other Sources

- a) Investments which were eligible for consideration for aid under the most recent round of the Scheme of Investment Aid for the Development of the Commercial Horticulture Sector, or that are eligible for consideration under any other nationally or EU-funded Scheme, will be excluded under this Scheme. In the case of investments placed on the holding of members outside of the State, the applicant must sign a declaration stating that no aid has been, or will be, sought from schemes funded by the EU or from any other publicly-funded scheme operating in the Member State of the EU where the holding is situated.

- b) Failure to disclose to the Department any publicly funded contribution towards the approved investments will result in recovery of any amount paid, with interest or the total disallowance of any amount claimed but not paid.

15. Legal Provisions, Consents, etc.

- a) The PO must undertake to comply with all National and EU Community standards in respect of the investments approved under the scheme.
- b) It is the PO's responsibility to ensure that all works shall be carried out in accordance with the provisions of all relevant statutes, regulations, byelaws and duty of care.
- c) Payment of EU aid by the Department should not be taken as evidence of compliance with the above legal provisions, consents, etc.

16. Identification of capital investment items

The PO must ensure that all equipment, machinery and capital investment items funded under this scheme bear permanent, indelible and unique serial numbers. The use of permanent markers, etc, shall not be acceptable for this purpose. All relevant serial numbers must be shown in the Assets register of capital investments retained by the PO. The Department reserves the right to disallow any items which do not bear permanent, indelible and unique serial numbers.

17. Date of entry into force

These Terms and Conditions are effective from the date of issue

Annex 2

TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR

THE SCHEME OF EU AID FOR PRODUCER ORGANISATIONS IN THE FRUIT AND VEGETABLES

SECTOR –Research actions

1. Research Terms and Condition

- 1.1. Tasks, milestones and deliverables shall be established and agreed with the Department for each research action at the start of each operational programme year, and at the time of approval of any amendment to any of the programme measures/actions (as appropriate), so that progress towards achieving the research objectives can be monitored. The deliverables shall be specific, measurable, achievable, relevant and time constrained (SMART).
- 1.2. The records required to support staff costs are job descriptions, contemporaneous timesheets and/or diaries or documents of equal probative value, and payroll records. Additionally, for specialist staff, whose primary function is undertaking the action for which the claim is being made, the contract or agreement between the PO and agent detailing the services to be provided must be available, and the fees agreed must be specified in the contract.
- 1.3. All outsourcing elements must follow the terms and conditions in section 1.3 'Competence of the Producer Organisation, Democratic accountability, Outsourcing' of this document.
- 1.4. The PO must put in place adequate structures such as data management systems and legal agreements to ensure that any IP generated by research actions is wholly owned and controlled by the PO.
- 1.5. DAFM requires 6 monthly research project update reports, and the PO must facilitate a knowledge transfer to all members to update on findings and outcomes of research actions.
- 1.6. Depending on the scale of the research action the PO may have to facilitate project update meetings for its members. Dates of these updates must be notified to DAFM to enable possible inspections by DAFM.

2. Template required for Research projects

2.1 Project Details

Table 2.1.1 – Summary of Project Details

Action Number			
Budget Sought	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
Project Coordinator			
Telephone No.			
Email			
Start Date			
End date			

Table 2.1.2 – Details of Collaborating/Outsourcing Organisations

Organisation	Contact Name	Telephone No.	Email

Table 2.1.3 – Previous Related Applications

Have you previously submitted this proposal or a similar proposal, in part or full, to DAFM or any other funding body?	Yes / No
Are you currently submitting this proposal or a similar proposal, in part or full, to any other funding body?	Yes / No
If yes to either, please provide details	

Table 2.1.4 – Technology Readiness Level Scale

Place an 'x' below at the point which best matches the submitted proposal on the Technology Readiness Level scale								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

3. Project Information

3.1. Abstract

- 3.1.1. The abstract should be short, precise and not more than 300 words. It should provide a clear description of the objectives of the project proposal and how these objectives will be achieved.

3.2. Project proposal:

- 3.2.1. **Objectives** - Describe the specific objectives for the project. These should be clear, measurable, realistic and achievable within the duration of the project.
- 3.2.2. **Research Approach** - Provide an overview of the approach being pursued including an explanation of the methodology proposed.
- 3.2.3. **Concept** - Describe the overall concept and the main ideas, rationale, models or assumptions underpinning the project. Indicate if/how the proposal
- a) builds on existing/previous knowledge and capabilities and/or
 - b) addresses specific issues/results that arose as a result of this existing knowledge and how, if applicable, there will be linkages with ongoing projects or existing knowledge
 - c) how this is different to anything that is currently available?
- 3.2.4. **Methodology** - Describe the overall methodology e.g. outlining the activities, indicating the credibility and the quality of the research proposed.
- 3.2.5. **Ambition** - Describe the 'advance' the project would provide beyond the state of the art. Indicate the originality and development in line with ongoing research. Outline any new ground-breaking outcomes, novel concepts and approaches, market opportunities, new products, services or business / organisational models which the proposal will seek to develop. Refer to current benchmarks or to patent searches undertaken.
- 3.2.6. **Existing and Related Intellectual Property** - Indicate if your proposed research is covered by an existing IP licence(s). Please search relevant IP websites to ensure this search is accurate. Please outline, in a concise format, the results of the search.
- 3.2.7. **Management of Data** - Outline how the participants will manage the research data generated and/or collected during the project.
- 3.2.8. **Licensing and IP Potential** - The PO should ensure that they have considered the potential IP which may arise from their research and how they propose to manage it. Is there potential for licensing, intellectual property, new products, services or business or organisational models?

- 3.2.9. **Risk Assessment and Risk Management** - Project management includes the need to manage risk. Research carries a risk of not achieving the anticipated outcomes or objectives for a variety of reasons. This section should indicate that, where risks have been identified, alternative approaches have been identified and may be pursued.
- 3.2.10. **Commercialisation and roll out** - Outline the proposed route to commercialisation. How the PO will disseminate research findings to members, and if applicable facilitate the uptake of findings among the members.
- 3.2.11. **Staff** - Justify the role, cost and need of each participant in the project. Staffing must be commensurate with the scope and nature of the research involved.